1.4

# **Piecewise Functions**

For use with Exploration 1.4

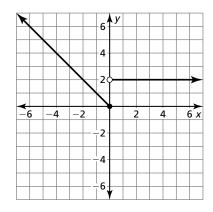
**Essential Question** How can you describe a function that is represented by more than one equation?



### **EXPLORATION:** Writing Equations for a Function

#### Work with a partner.

- **a.** Does the graph represent *y* as a function of *x*? Justify your conclusion.
- **b.** What is the value of the function when x = 0? How can you tell?



**c.** Write an equation that represents the values of the function when  $x \leq 0$ .

f(x) =\_\_\_\_, if  $x \le 0$ 

- d. Write an equation that represents the values of the function when x > 0.
  f(x) = \_\_\_\_\_, if x > 0
- e. Combine the results of parts (c) and (d) to write a single description of the function.

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \dots, \text{ if } x \leq 0 \\ \dots, \text{ if } x > 0 \end{cases}$$

### **1.4 Piecewise Functions** (continued)

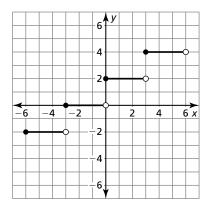
# 2

### **EXPLORATION:** Writing Equations for a Function

### Work with a partner.

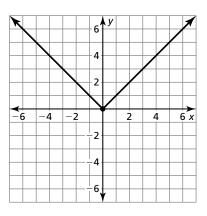
- **a.** Does the graph represent *y* as a function of *x*? Justify your conclusion.
- **b.** Describe the values of the function for the following intervals.

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \dots, & \text{if } -6 \le x < -3 \\ \dots, & \text{if } -3 \le x < 0 \\ \dots, & \text{if } 0 \le x < 3 \\ \dots, & \text{if } 3 \le x < 6 \end{cases}$$



# **Communicate Your Answer**

**3.** How can you describe a function that is represented by more than one equation?



**4.** Use two equations to describe the function represented by the graph.



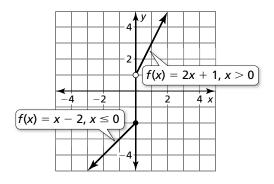
# Core Concepts

### **Piecewise Function**

A **piecewise function** is a function defined by two or more equations. Each "piece" of the function applies to a different part of its domain. An example is shown below.

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} x - 2, & \text{if } x \le 0\\ 2x + 1, & \text{if } x > 0 \end{cases}$$

- The expression x 2 represents the value of f when x is less than or equal to 0.
- The expression 2x + 1represents the value of *f* when *x* is greater than 0.



#### Notes:

# Worked-Out Examples

### Example #1

Evaluate the function.

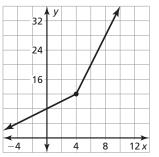
$$g(x) = \begin{cases} -x + 4, & \text{if } x \le -1 \\ 3, & \text{if } -1 < x < 2 ; g(2) \\ 2x - 5, & \text{if } x \ge 2 \end{cases}$$
$$g(x) = 2x - 5$$
$$g(2) = 2(2) - 5$$
$$g(2) = 4 - 5$$
$$g(2) = -1$$
The value of g is -1 when  $x = 2$ .

### Example #2

Graph the function. Describe the domain and range.

$$y = \begin{cases} x + 8, & \text{if } x < 4 \\ 4x - 4, & \text{if } x \ge 4 \end{cases}$$

| x | 0 | 2  | 4  | 5  | 6  |
|---|---|----|----|----|----|
| у | 8 | 10 | 12 | 16 | 20 |



The domain is all real numbers. The range is all real numbers.

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Date \_\_\_\_\_

**1.4 Practice** (continued)

# **Practice A**

In Exercise 1–9, evaluate the function.

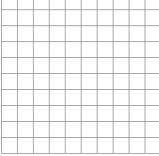
$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 3x - 1, & \text{if } x \le 1\\ 1 - 2x, & \text{if } x > 1 \end{cases}$$
$$g(x) = \begin{cases} 3x - 1, & \text{if } x \le -3\\ 2, & \text{if } -3 < x < 1\\ -3x, & \text{if } x \ge 1 \end{cases}$$
**1.** 
$$f(0)$$
**2.** 
$$f(1)$$
**3.** 
$$f(5)$$

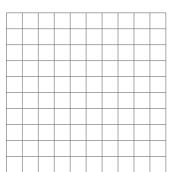
**4.** 
$$f(-4)$$
 **5.**  $g(0)$  **6.**  $g(-3)$ 

**7.** 
$$g(1)$$
 **8.**  $g(3)$  **9.**  $g(-5)$ 

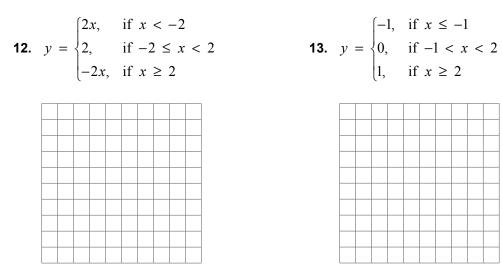
In Exercise 10–13, graph the function. Describe the domain and range.

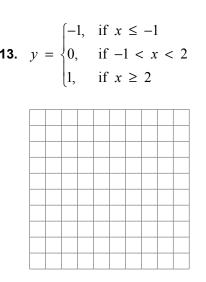




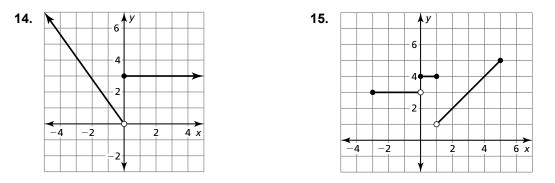


#### Practice (continued) 1.4

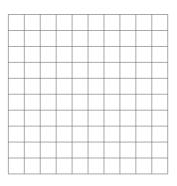




#### In Exercise 14 and 15, write a piecewise function for the graph.



16. A postal service charges \$4 for shipping any package weighing up to but not including 1 pound and \$1 for each additional pound or portion of a pound up to but not including 5 pounds. Packages 5 pounds or over have different rates. Write and graph a step function that shows the relationship between the number x of pounds a package weighs and the total cost *y* for postage.



# **Practice B**

In Exercises 1–6, evaluate the function.

- $f(x) = \begin{cases} -x + 2, & \text{if } x < -3\\ 7, & \text{if } -3 \le x < 0\\ 3x 1, & \text{if } x \ge 0 \end{cases}$
- **1.** f(-5) **2.** f(4) **3.** f(1)
- **4.** f(0) **5.**  $f\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)$  **6.** f(-3)
- **7.** The total cost (in dollars) of ordering graduation announcements is represented by the piecewise function

$$c(x) = \begin{cases} 1.5x + 15, & \text{if } 0 \le x < 25\\ 1.25x + 15, & \text{if } 25 \le x < 40\\ x + 15, & \text{if } x \ge 40 \end{cases}$$

- **a.** Determine the cost of ordering 25 announcements. Then determine the cost of ordering 24 announcements.
- **b.** For what number of announcements less than 25 is it financially better to purchase 25 announcements?
- **c.** For what number of announcements less than 40 is it financially better to purchase 40 announcements?

#### In Exercises 8–11, graph the function. Describe the domain and range.

 $\mathbf{8.} \quad f(x) = \begin{cases} -x+5, \text{ if } x < 5\\ x-5, \text{ if } x \ge 5 \end{cases}$   $\mathbf{9.} \quad f(x) = \begin{cases} 2x-3, \text{ if } x \le -1\\ 2x+2, \text{ if } x > -1 \end{cases}$   $\mathbf{10.} \quad f(x) = \begin{cases} -x+1, \text{ if } x < -3\\ 4, \text{ if } -3 \le x < 0\\ 3x+4, \text{ if } x \ge 0 \end{cases}$   $\mathbf{11.} \quad f(x) = \begin{cases} x+3, \text{ if } x < -2\\ x-2, \text{ if } -2 \le x < 2\\ -2, \text{ if } x \ge 2 \end{cases}$ 

#### In Exercises 12–15, write the absolute value function as a piecewise function.

**12.** y = |x - 3| **13.** y = -2|x + 4| 

 **14.** y = -|x + 1| + 3 **15.** y = 5|x - 2| + 1