8.1 **Stem-and-Leaf Plots**



Essential Question How can you use a stem-and-leaf plot

to organize a set of numbers?

ACTIVITY: Decoding a Graph

Work with a partner. You intercept a secret message that contains two different types of plots. You suspect that each plot represents the same data. The graph with the dots indicates only ranges for the numbers.

:	0 1 2 2 3 4 4 7 8 9
	1 - 2 2 5 6 7 8 9
• • •	2 - 2 2 6 8 9
	3 - 5 8 9
•••	4 - 2 7
	5 - 4 5
	6 + 2 7 8
	7 + 2 3 6 7 9 9
0-9	8 + 2 2 4 5 5 6 8 9
0 10-1 20-2 20-2 50-5 50-5 80-8 80-8 90-9	9 + 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 3 3

- a. How many numbers are in the data set? How can you tell?
- **b.** How many numbers are greater than or equal to 90? How can you tell?
- Is 91 in the data set? If so, how many times is it in the set? How can you tell? c.
- d. Make a list of all of the numbers in the data set.
- You intercept a new secret message. Use the secret code shown below to e. decode the message.

Secret Code							
A = 29	F = 31	K = 18	P = 4	U = 19			
B = 33	G = 8	L = 26	Q = 10	V = 17			
C = 7	H = 16	M = 22	R = 21	W = 12			
D = 20	I = 5	N = 3	S = 2	X = 25			
E = 15	J = 11	0 = 9	T = 32	Y = 13			
				Z = 1			

32 16 15 2 32 15 22 2 16 9 12 2 32 16 15 32 15 3 2

<u>26 15 29 17 15 2 2 16 9 12 32 16 15 9 3 15 2</u> 32 16 15

2 ACTIVITY: Organizing Data

Work with a partner. You are working on an archeological dig. You find several arrowheads.

_				-
				_
	18	61	62	_
	42	42	42	
	23	41	40	_
	45	45	45	_
	37	28	50	_
_	35	39	34	
	37	32	26	_
	63	24	54	_
-	58	58	60	_
	52	53	72	
	17	73		_
$\overline{\bullet}$				-)



As you find each arrowhead, you measure its length (in millimeters) and record it in a notebook.

- a. Use a stem-and-leaf plot to organize the lengths.
- **b.** Find the mean length.
- **c.** Find the median length.
- d. Describe the distribution of the data.

3 ACTIVITY: Conducting an Experiment

Work with a partner. Use two number cubes to conduct the following experiment.

• Toss the cubes four times and total the results.



Sample:	2 + 3	+	2 + 2	+	3 + 5	+	6 + 3	= 20
	1st		2nd		3rd		4th	
	toss		toss		toss		toss	

So, 26 is the first number.

- Repeat this process 29 more times.
- Use a stem-and-leaf plot to organize your results.
- Describe your results.

-What Is Your Answer?

- **4. IN YOUR OWN WORDS** How can you use a stem-and-leaf plot to organize a set of numbers?
- **5. RESEARCH** Find a career in which a person collects and organizes data. Describe how data are collected and organized in that career.



Use what you learned about stem-and-leaf plots to complete Exercises 4–7 on page 352.

8.1 Lesson



Key Vocabulary 🛋
stem-and-leaf plot,
р. 350
stem, <i>p. 350</i>
leaf, <i>p. 350</i>



Stem-and-Leaf Plots

A <mark>stem-and-leaf plot</mark>	6	Stem	Leaf
data values to organiz data value is broken in digits on the left) and on the right).	nto a <mark>stem</mark> (digit or	2 3 4 5	0 0 1 2 5 7 1 4 8 2 8 9
A stem-and-leaf plot s are distributed.	shows how data		Key: $2 0 = 20$
are uistributed.	The <i>key</i> explains what the stems and leaves represent		

EXAMPLE

	Α	В
1	DATE	MINUTES
2	JULY 9	55
3	JULY 9	3
4	JULY 9	6
5	JULY 10	14
6	JULY 10	18
7	JULY 10	5
8	JULY 10	23
9	JULY 11	30
10	JULY 11	23
11	JULY 11	10
12	JULY 11	2
13	JULY 11	36

Make a stem-and-leaf plot of the length of the 12 cell phone calls.

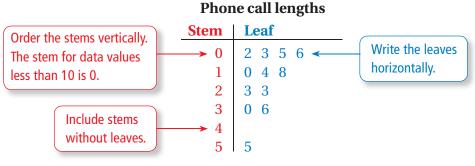
Step 1: Order the data.

2, 3, 5, 6, 10, 14, 18, 23, 23, 30, 36, 55

Making a Stem-and-Leaf Plot

- **Step 2:** Choose the stems and leaves. Because the data values range from 2 to 55, use the *tens* digits for the stems and the *ones* digits for the leaves.
- Step 3: Write the stems to the *left* of the vertical line.

Step 4: Write the leaves for each stem to the *right* of the vertical line.



Key: 1 | 4 = 14 minutes

🕨 On Your Own

1. Make a stem-and-leaf plot of the hair lengths.

Hair Length (centimeters)									
5	1	20	12	27	2	30	5	7	38
40	47	1	2	1	32	4	44	33	23

Now You're Ready Exercises 8–11

Interpreting a Stem-and-Leaf Plot EXAMPLE 2

Test Scores		The stem-and-leaf plot shows student test scores. (a) How many				
Stem	Leaf	students scored less than 80 points? (b) How many students scored at least 90 points? (c) How are the data distributed?				
6 7 8	6 0 5 7 8 1 1 3 4 4 6 8 8 9	a. There are five scores less than 80 points: 66, 70, 75, 77, and 78.				
9 10	0 2 9 0	Five students scored less than 80 points.				
	Key: 9 2 = 92 points	b. There are four scores of at least 90 points: 90, 92, 99, and 100.				
		Four students scored at least 90 points.				

c. There are few low test scores and few high test scores. So, most of the scores are in the middle.

On Your Own



- **2.** Use the grading scale at the right.
 - a. How many students received a B on the test?
- A: 90-100
- B: 80-89
- C: 70-79
- D: 60-69
- F: 59 and below
- **b.** How many students received a C on the test?

EXAMPLE 3

Standardized Test Practice

Which statement is not true?

- (A) Most of the plants are less than 20 inches tall.
- **B** The median plant height is 11 inches.
- **C** The range of the plant heights is 35 inches.
- **D** The plant height that occurs most often is 11 inches.

There are 15 plant heights. So, the median is the eighth data value, 10 inches.

• The correct answer is (\mathbf{B}) .

On Your Own

3. You are told that three plants are taller than 20 inches. Is the statement true? Explain.

Plant Heights

Stem	Leaf							
0	1 0 2 6	2	4	5	6	8	9	
1	0	1	1	5	7			
2	2	5						
3	6							

Key: 1|5 = 15 inches

Stem-and-Leaf Plots Section 8.1 351

8.1 Exercises



Vocabulary and Concept Check

- **1. VOCABULARY** The key for a stem-and-leaf plot is 3|4 = 34. Which number is the stem? the leaf?
- **2. WRITING** Describe how to make a stem-and-leaf plot for the data values 14, 22, 9, 13, 30, 8, 25, and 29.
- 3. WRITING How does a stem-and-leaf plot show the distribution of data?



8.

1

Practice and Problem Solving

Use the stem-and-leaf plot at the right.

- 4. How many data values are in the set?
- 5. What is the least value? greatest value?
- 6. What is the median? range?
- **7.** Is the value 32 in the set? Explain.

Make a stem-and-leaf plot of the data.

Books Read					
26	15	20	9		
31	25	29	32		
17	26	19	40		

10.	Test Scores (%)								
	87	82	95	91	69				
	88	68	87	65	81				
	97	85	80	90	62				

Leaf

4 6 8

Stem

0

1 0

9.	Hours Online					
	8	12	21	14		
	18	6	15	24		
	12	17	2	0		

11.	Points Scored					
	58	50	42	71	75	
	45	51	43	38	71	
	42	70	56	58	43	

12. ERROR ANALYSIS Describe and correct the error in making a stem-and-leaf plot of the data.

51, 25, 47, 42, 55, 26, 50, 44, 55



- **13. PUPPIES** The weights (in pounds) of eight puppies at a pet store are 12, 24, 17, 8, 18, 31, 24, and 15. Make a stem-and-leaf plot of the data. Describe the distribution of the data.

Make a stem-and-leaf plot of the data.

Bikes Sold					
78	112	105	99		
86	96	115	100		
79	81	99	108		

14.

15.	Minutes in Line					
	4.0	2.6	1.9	3.1		
	3.6	2.2	2.7	3.8		
	1.6	2.0	3.1	2.9		

VOLLEYBALL The stem-and-leaf plot shows the number of digs for the top 15 volleyball players at a recent women's AVP Miami Open.

- 2 16. How many players had more than 60 digs?
 - **17.** Find the mean, median, mode, and range of the data.
 - **18.** Describe the distribution of the data.

Bowling Scores

140

142

119

152

112

136

122

107

125

115

156

127

131

120

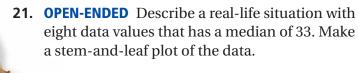
136

108

118

85

- **19.** Which data value is the outlier? Describe how the outlier affects the mean.
- **20. RESEARCH** Use the Internet to find the heights of the players on your favorite professional sports team.
 - **a.** Make a stem-and-leaf plot of the data.
 - **b.** Analyze the stem-and-leaf plot and make two conclusions about the heights.



22. Make a frequency table and a stem-and-leaf plot of the bowling scores in the table. Compare and contrast the two data displays. Which display is better for showing how the data are distributed? Explain.

Fair Game Review What you learned in previous grades & lessons | Draw the solid.

23. Square pyramid	2	4. Hexagonal p	rism	
25. Cone	2	6. Cylinder		
27. MULTIPLE CHOICE	In a bar graph, what dete	ermines the leng	th of each ba	r?
(A) Frequency	(B) Data value	C Leaf		Change in data

Stem Leaf 4 1 1 3 3 5 5 0 2 3 4 6 2 3 3 7 7 5 8 9 7

Key: 5|0 = 50 digs