

3.6–3.8 Quiz



Copy and complete the statement. Round to the nearest hundredth, if necessary.

(Section 3.6)

1. 10 mi \approx km

2. 3 qt \approx L

3. 29 kg \approx lb

4. 6.8 in. \approx cm

Tell whether x and y show direct variation. Explain your reasoning. (Section 3.7)

5.

| x | y |
|-----|-----|
| -3 | 0 |
| -1 | 1 |
| 1 | 2 |
| 3 | 3 |

6.

| x | y |
|-----|-----|
| -1 | -2 |
| 0 | 0 |
| 1 | 2 |
| 2 | 4 |

7. $y - 9 = 6 + x$

8. $x = \frac{5}{8}y$

Tell whether x and y show *direct variation*, *inverse variation*, or *neither*. Explain your reasoning. (Section 3.8)

9. $y = \frac{12}{x}$

10. $y - x = 9$

11.

| x | y |
|-----|-----|
| -3 | -2 |
| -1 | 0 |
| 1 | 0 |
| 3 | 2 |

12.

| x | y |
|-----|------|
| 1 | 2 |
| 2 | 1 |
| 4 | 0.5 |
| 8 | 0.25 |

13. **HEIGHT** The tallest player in Euroleague Basketball is 229 centimeters. The tallest player in the National Basketball Association is 90 inches. Which league has the tallest player? (Section 3.6)

14. **PIE SALE** The table shows the profit of a pie sale. Tell whether there is direct variation between the two data sets. If so, write the equation of direct variation. (Section 3.7)



| | | | | |
|------------------|---------|---------|----------|----------|
| Pies Sold | 10 | 12 | 14 | 16 |
| Profit | \$79.50 | \$95.40 | \$111.30 | \$127.20 |

15. **JEWELRY** The number of beads on a bracelet varies inversely with the length of the beads. You use 8-millimeter beads to make a bracelet with 25 beads. How many 10-millimeter beads would you need to make a bracelet? (Section 3.8)

